UNCLASSIFIED

AD NUMBER

AD865143

LIMITATION CHANGES

TO:

Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

FROM:

Distribution authorized to U.S. Gov't. agencies and their contractors;

Administrative/Operational Use; 12 FEB 1969. Other requests shall be referred to Assistant Chief of Staff Force Development (Army), Attn: FOR-OT-UT, Washington, DC 20310.

AUTHORITY

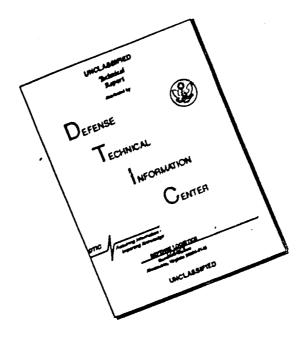
AGO, D/A ltr, 29 Apr 1980

THIS REPORT HAS BEEN DELIMITED AND CLEARED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE UNDER DOD DIRECTIVE 5200.20 AND NO RESTRICTIONS ARE IMPOSED UPON ITS USE AND DISCLOSURE.

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT A

APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION UNLIMITED.

DISCLAIMER NOTICE



THIS DOCUMENT IS BEST QUALITY AVAILABLE. THE COPY FURNISHED TO DTIC CONTAINED A SIGNIFICANT NUMBER OF PAGES WHICH DO NOT REPRODUCE LEGIBLY.



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY OFFICE OF THE ADJUTANT GENERAL WASHINGTON, D.C. 20310

IN REPLY REFER TO

AGDA (M) (28 Jan 70) FOR OT UT 694292

2 February 1970

SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, Headquarters, 69th Engineer Battalion, Period Ending 31 October 1969

SEE DISTRIBUTION

1. Subject report is forwarded for review and evaluation in accordance with paragraph 4b, AR 525-15. Evaluations and corrective actions should be reported to ACSFOR OT UT, Operational Reports Branch, within 90 days of receipt of covering letter.

2. Information contained in this report is provided to insure appropriate benefits in the future from lessons learned during current operations and may be adapted for use in developing training material.

BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE ARMY:

1 Incl

KENNETH G. WICKHAM
Major General, USA
The Adjutant General

DISTRIBUTION:

Commanding Generals

US Continental Army Command

US Army Combat Developments Command

US Army Materiel Command

Commandants

US Army War College

US Army Command and General Staff College

US Army Armor School

US Army Aviation School

US Army Engineer School

US Army Field Artillery School

US Army Infantry School

US Army Institute for Military Assistance

US Army Ordnance School

US Army Southeastern Signal School

US Army Transportation School

Protective marking cancelled when separated from inclosure.

UNGLASSIFIED REPORT

DISTRIBUTION NO FOREIGN WITHOUT APPROVAL OF ASSISTANT CHIEF OF STAPF FOR FORCE DEVELOPMENT (ARMY) ATTH FOR OT UT, WASHINGTON, D.C. 20310

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

Reproduced by the
CLEARINGHOUSE
for Federal Scientific & Technical
Information Springfield Va. 22151

3

ancelled when sure.

Tour Approval of ponce development

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY HEADQUARTERS, 69TH ENGINEER BATTALION (CONSTRUCTION) APO San Francisco 96215

EGFA-OP

12 November 1969

Operational Report - Lessons Learnedi 69th Engineer Battalien SUBJECT: (Construction) for the Period Ending 31 October 1969, RCS CSFOR -65 (R2)

Commander in Chief, US Army Pacific, ATTH: GPOP-DT, APO 96558 Commanding General, US Army Vietnam, ATTH: AVHGC-DST, APO 96375 Commanding Officer, 34th Engineer Group, ATTA: EGF-OP, APO 96320

1. SECTION I. Operations: Significant Activities

a. Command:

(1) The battalien was commanded by LTC Robert A. Purple and continued its primary construction mission during the reporting period.

(2) Command of Company A passed from Cpt Harley L. Brinkley to Cpt Gary

L. Wade on 15 September 1969.

(3) Company B was commanded by Cpt James E. Stevens Jr. during the

reporting period.

(4) Command of Company C passed from 1Lt Paul H. Weisenberger Jr. to Opt Nebgen on 25 August 1969, and thence to Opt Roy F. Canavan on 20 September

(5) Command of Company D passed from Cpt Ferguson to Cpt William R.

Jehnson en 25 September 1969.

(6) During the reporting period the bettelion acquired an Executive Officer and mine junior officers to fill vacated slots. Turbulence generated by these gains and losses, as well as officer personnel shifts, was minimal and continuity was maintained,

(7) Organizational Locations:

(a) Headquarters and Headquarters Company, Company A - Can Tho, Phong Dinh Province.

(b) Company B - Binh Hinh, Vinh Long Province.
(c) Company C and D - Binh Thuy, Phong Binh Province.
(d) Unit Movements - None

(8) AOR: The battalion remained located in the IV CTZ, south of the Mekong River, with construction tasks in nine of the twelve provinces.

FOR OT UT 694292 Inclosure

EGFA-OP

12 November 1969

SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, 69th Engineer Battalion (Construction) for the Period Ending 31 October 1969, RCS CSFOR -65 (R2)

b. Personnel, Administration, Morale and Discipline:

(1) The battalion is organized under TOE 5-115G as modified by NTOE's 5-116G, 5-117G, and 5-118G (See Inclosure). On 25 October 1969 the authorized strength level was raised from Column I to Column I of MTOE's.

(2) At the end of the reporting period the battalion strength was as

	OFF	<u>WO</u>	<u>EM</u>	TOTAL
AUTH	32	7	899	938
.1SG	32	7	683	722

(3) At the close of the period the battalion was operating well below authorized strength due mainly to increase in authorization. Status of personnel shortages were furnished thru command channels for fill.

(4) During the reporting period, 5 M were promoted to E-6, 117 EI to E-5, and 109 Em to E-4. There was one promotion to Cpt and three promotions to

1Lt.

(5) Awards data for the period,

	RECOMMENDED	APPROVED
Bronze Star	19	19
ARCON	42	45
Purple Heart	1	1
20th Bge Certificate	7	5
20th Bge Unit Commendation	0	1

(6) The battalion employed an average daily total of 165 Vietnamese during the period in skilled, semi-skilled, and unskilled positions. II construction personnel remain consolidated into the 1st platoon of Company C, working in the Can Tho - Binh Thuy area.

(7) The battalion re-enlistment rate for the first term RA personnel

was 43%,

(8) Morale within the battalion remained good.

(9) Discipline remained good with an increase of Article 15 punishment due mainly to absence from formations and place of duty.

c. Intellignece and Counter-Intelligence:

(1) The battelion continues to receive comprehensive intelligence information on its AOR by daily attendence at the IV Corps Joint Intelligence Center Briefing, and receipt of INTSUM's from the 164th Aviation Group (Combat), II FFV, and the 307th Combat Aviation Battalion. Pertinent intelligence information is disseminated to the companies by the S-2 each evening.

INCL

EGFA-OP
SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, 69th Engineer Battalion
(Construction) for the Poriod Ending 31 October 1969, RCS CSFOR 65 (R2)

(2) Current information on LOC's within the battalion's AOR is maintained by daily reports from G-2 AIR, LV Corps, on interdictions of major LOC's in LV Corps.

(3) Within the battalion, command emphasis has been placed on the gathering of intelligence and complete and prompt reporting of anything of possible intelligence value.

d. Plans, Operations, and Training

(1) The 69th EBC continued to perform its primary mission of construction during the period; involving LCC construction, operational support, PER projects, and base construction. The LCC restoration of QL-4 in Vinh Long Province remained the largest battalion project during the reporting period.

(2) Effects of enemy action on the battalion operations were minimal. B Co received one mortar round, resulting in 1 WIA, and lost time to several mining incidents on QL-4 resulting in one WIA. D Co had one mine incident at Rach Soi resulting in no US casualities. Other outlying units were not affected, and Can Tho Army Airfield remained free of incidents.

(3) Co A remained primarily devoted to maintenance and equipment support of the battalion throughout the reporting period. However on 27 Sept 69 they assumed the responsibility from C Company of operating the barge offloading site.

(4) Co B was mostly committed to the LCC Program throughout the reporting period, restoring QL-4 in Vinh Long Province from Binh Hinh to Ba Cang. An airfield repair project at An Thoi and a revetment project on Can Tho airfield were the only other projects worked on by Co B.

(5) Co C continued to operate the Rock Offloading Facility at Binh Minh until 27 September when it was turned over to A Co. They also completed the facilities at Can The Airfield to support the relocation of aviation units from Dong Tam. These included a 250 man mess hall, a HEQ, a BOQ, showers, latrines, and a complete low voltage power distribution system, Additionally, Company C built a total of 31 AH-1G revetments and 16 CH-47 revetments on the south side of Can The Airfield.

(6) Company D dismantled a rater tower at Dong Tam and reconstructed it on Can Tho airfield in support of the aviation units relocation. A road and drainage system was constructed for this project. A revetment project on the north side of Can Tho Airfield was completed consisting of 26 UH-1D revetments and 3 0-1 revetments. A NACV Upgrade project at Chau Doc was completed which included a 2 story 20° x 60° HEQ with latrine, a 20° x 50° BOQ, and a 10° x 15° latrine.

(7) Throughout the reporting period, all companies have supported Company B by commitment of equipment and personnel to the QL-4 project.

(8) This reporting period was during the monsoon season with rains delaying progress on horizontal construction. There were approximately 20,000 MH lost to weather during this period.

EGFA-OP 12 November 1969 SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, 69th Engineer Battelion (Construction) for the Period Ending 31 October 1969, RCS CSFOR -65 (R2)

(9) The following is the battalion's average distribution of USMH available for projects during the reporting period:

Operational Support	23.9%	
Minimum Essential Requirements	0.1%	
LOC Restoration	43.0%	
Base Construction	27.9%	
Security	5.1%	

(10) The following is a narrative summary of projects which were

completed during August, September, and October:

(a) LOC Restoration, L-4, Binh Minh to Ba Cang. Effort continued on the 9MM section between Binh Minh and Ba Cang. The primary construction materials for this period were sand-cement and aggregate. The design road is 24' wide with 8' shoulders. At the close of this period this section was 60.2% complete. To date 1,742 tons of cement have been used. During this period 1.18 KM (6,600 CY) of subbase and 1.01 KM (6,500 tons) of base were completed. 6.98 KH of subgrade (40,000 CY), 5.62 KH (17,800 CY) of subbase and 2,23 KM (6,162 CY) of base have been completed to date. Use of MCA-LOC equipment continued to augment the EOC equipment, 10 - 12 cubic yard dump trucks were added during this reporting period. Maintenance of the haul road diverted much of this capability because of extensive failures. The sand-cement stabilization plant was used during this period. Technical problems, particularly in the cement feed system. have periodically deadlined this plant. A Dynaelectron team is attached to the battalion for maintenance of MCA-LOC equipment. Company B retained primary responsibility for the project, augmented by much of the remainder of the battalion's horizontal construction capability. All personnel and squipment continued to work out of the Binh Hinh base camp.

(b) The Rock O floading Site at Binh Minh was turned over to A Company and continued to operate throught the period and offloaded a

total of 9,318 tons.

(c) Relocation of 164th CAG units from Dong Tam to Can Tho: Companies 3, C and D completed these facilities as follows:

1 Aircraft revetments - 31 AH-1G, 16 CH-47, 24 UH-1D,

and 3 0-1.

2 MER facilities - 6 latrines, 4 showers, interior roads, mess hall slab, maintenance shop slab and area drainage.

20' x 108' 300, one 20' x 108' EX and one 10,500 gallon water tanks with 36' towers.

4 Power Distribution - One 20' x 30' generator shed with three 150 KW generators and 2,000 linear feet of electrical distribution.

EGFA-OP 12 November 1969
SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, 69th Engineer Battalion
(Construction) for the Period Ending 31 October 1969, RCS CSFOR 65 (R2)

(d) ASP Upgrade, Can Tho: Company D completed the construction of additional berms needed for ammo storage on Can Tho Airfield. Nine foot high berms of sand were constructed and peneprimed.

(c) MACV Upgrade, Chau Doc: Company D completed a 2 story 20° x 60° EM Barracks with latrine, a single story 20° x 50° ECQ, and 10° x 15°

(f) Repair of An Thoi Airfield: Company B completed the repair of An Thoi this period. Repaired failures in M&A1 matting on runway, taxiway, and turnarounds and installed additional culverts to alleviate drainage problems.

(11) The battalion is presently active in or plans to be active in the following projects during the next period:

Operational Support Projects 19
Base Construction Projects 15
NACV Upgrade Projects 14

(12) In the above efforts the battalion placed 554 CY concrete this

(13) The Sand-Cement Plant produced 11,667 tons of sand-cement this

period.

(14) The battalions formal training program continued during the period.

Training is conducted Sundays on subjects outlined in the battalion training plan. The S-3 section provides required replacement training for all new arrivals within 7 days of their assignment to the unit.

e. Logistics and Haintenance

LOC Restoration

(1) Supply: The dedication of an LCU to the battelion in support of QL-4 has been of immeasurable assistance to the battalion during this period. Supplying materials for the QL-4 project would have been difficult without this transport capability. These supplies included; cement, asphalt, fuel, rations, construction materials, water, and miscellaneous items, as well as the deployment and retrograde of personnel and equipment.

(2) Maintenance: At the begining of this quarter we experienced a continuously increasing deadline rate. The primary reason for this was the increased command emphasis on detecting and reporting equipment deficiencies. Hany deficiencies such as leaking seals, engine knock, mal-adjusted brakes were discovered by the operators and reported to the organizational maintenance personnel. Numerous vehicles and equipment were scored out and replacements requisitioned. The deadline rate peaked about the middle of the quarter and has been decreasing ever since. The following summarizes the Job Orders for Direct

EGTA-OP

SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, 69th Engineer Battalion

(Construction) for the Period Ending 31 October 1969, RCS CSFOR 65 (R2)

Support Maintenance, the 02-17 requisitions, and the Red Ball status for this quarter:

(a)	Direct Support			
, .		August		A Co DSA
			3	51st Haint
		September	136	A Co DSA
		•	12	51st Maint
		October	91	A Co DSA
			0	51st Maint
		Total	373	
<i>(</i> ,)				
(b) 02-17 Req Status	Submitted	7,527		
		DEDINECTOR	192-1	
		Filled	1,830	
		% Filled	24%	
(~)	Pad Dall Dan Status			
(6)	Red Ball Req Status	Submitted	493	
		Filled	125	
		% Filled	25%	

f. Civil Affairs: Civic action during the period continued to take the course of manhours expended on a volunteer basis. Also Medcaps were conducted by the medical section, headed by the battalion surgeon. Donations of money and clothing and other goods continued at a constant rate during the period. Due to the high priority of construction projects and the lack of materials, no effort was available for directed projects during this quarter.

2. SECTION II, Lessons Learned

- a. Personnel: None
- b. Intelligence: None

The second secon

- c. Operationa:
- (la) Observation: Numerous failures have been observed in runways with M8Al matting surfaces.
- (1b) Evaluation: If the matting is not anchored properly along the sides of the runway and the matting is not progressively pulled tight and anchored on both ends of the runway, an excessively loose surface will develop after repeated landings and take offs. This causes pumping action under traffic and with the configuration of the matting transverse movement of base materials

EGFA-OP 12 November 1969 SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, 69th Engineer Battalion (Construction) for the Period Ending 31 October 1969, RCS CSFOR -65 (R2)

perpendicular to the center line of the runway occurs. This builds up a deposit on the shoulders which further traps the runoff and increases the

pumping under traffic even after the surrounding area is dry.

(1c) Recommendation: Inaddition to the proper construction techniques of anchoring and stretching the M8A1 matting, a re-evaluation of the natting configuration may be in order. Pumping action in PSP is up and down thru perforations. The base of the one observed airfield in the Delta of this type has held up well. An impervious layer under the matting resistant to the eroding effect of the pumping action improves the longevity of the runway. T-17 membrane is recommended for this use.

(2a) Observation: Relocation and re-erection of preengineered build-

ings can be difficult.

(2b) Evaluation: When prefabricated buildings are dismantled for reerection at a different location often parts are not kept in order, lost, or
damaged due to carelessness in dismantling. Another cause of problems is an
improper method of shipping which would allow any of the pieces to get damaged
or lost while being transported.

(2c) Solution: A system of marking parts as they are removed and a method of keeping parts separate should be devised before attempting to remove any parts of the building. Parts of each building should be bended securely together on a pallet. Pallets should be loaded so that they are a nest and solid package and small parts should be fixed together so that they will not come apart during shipment.

(3a) Observation: Failure of the dust cover over sand fill in helicopter revetment exposes sand to air turbulence with a resulting safety hazard

as well as reducing the protection provided.

(3b) Evaluation: Compaction of sand filled revetments with internal cross bracing is difficult by hand or mechanical means and settlement occurs and the sand cement or asphalt sand dust cover breaks up exposing the sand to the turbulence of the helicopter blades.

(30) Recommendation: Flooding send filled revetments with water provides adequate settlement within the revetment and a 4° thick layer of sand cement or sand asphalt may be placed on top with a crown and keyed

several inches into the revetment.

(4a) Observation: Netural clay berms are difficult to construct dur-

ing the monsoon season.

(4b) Evaluation: Remolded clay is not as resistant to shear as clay in situ. Foisture content is increased due to exposure to weather and the clay cannot be compacted in the berm configuration. A completed berm needs protection from future rainy seasons.

(4c) Recommendation: Clay-filled drum berms allow for this type of construction during the wet season, the clay being readily available from paddies with a crane with dragline attachment. Penoprime and grass seeding has

protected natural clay berns.

- d. Organization: None
- 6. Training: None

To

EGFA-OP 12 November 1969 SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, 69th Engineer Battalion (Construction) for the Period Ending 31 October 1969, RCS CSFOR -65 (R2)

f. Logistics: None

g. Communications:

(1a) Observation: Problems arising in the use of field rire, such

as shorts and grounds.
(1b) Evaluation: Cause due in many cases to the heavy rains and

extreme heat that is prevalent in the Republic of Vietnam.

(1c) Recommendation: That simplex circuits be used whenever possible. Circuit quality is found to be excellent and maintenance time is minimal.

h. Materials: None

i. Other: None

FOR THE COPPLINDER

1 Incl 45

1LT, AGC Adjutant

EGF-OP (31 Oct 59) 1st Ind SUBJECT: Operational Report of 59th Engineer Battalion (Const) for Period Ending 31 October 1969, RCS CSFOR-65(R2)

DA, HEIDJULTERS 34TH ENGINEER GROUP (COUST), LPO 96320 1988

TO: Assistant Chief of Staff for Force Development, Department of the Army, Washington, D.C., 20310
Commanding Officer, 20th Engineer Brigade, ATTN: AVBI-OS, APO 96491

The subject report submitted by the 69th Engineer Battalion (Const) has been reviewed by this headquarters and is considered comprehensive and of value for documentation and review of the reporting unit's activities and experiences.

FOR THE CONTINUENCE

111

Ny LANES Milyen

Aljutant

Copy Furnished: CO, 69th Engr En (Const) AVEI-OS (12 Nov 69) 2nd Ind

- SUBJECT: Operational Report of 69th Engineer Battalion (Const) for Feriod Ending 31 October 1969, RCS CSFOR-65 (R2)
- DA, HEADQUARTERS, 20TH ENGINEER BRIGADE, APO 96491 0 7 DFC 1969
- TO: Commanding General, United States Army Vietnam, ATTN: AVHGC-DST, APO 96375
- 1. Submitted in accordance with USARV Regulation 525-15, dated 13 April 1968.
- 2. This headquarters concurs with the submitted report with the following Comments:

a. Section II, paragraph c, pages 6 and 7:

- (1) Although the observation is correct, the failure initiates with the subgrade failure. Subsequently, repeated cycles over the subgrade failure will cause the M8Al matting to fatigue under a bending moment. It has been noted that at Ca Mau Airfield, exposure to moisture over an extended period of time has caused the M8Al matting to rust out.
- (2) Dust covers over sand fill in helicopter revetments should be constructed of a concrete cap if materials are available. This has proven to be an effective, long-lasting solution to this problem.
- b. Section II, paragraph g, page 8: A simplex circuit is one in which a ground-return telephone or telegraph circuit is added on to a single full-metallic circuit to obtain an additional circuit. This is accomplished by use of repeating coil C-161. Outside of enabling the use of one pain of wires for two circuits, simplexing in itself will not cut down on shorts or grounds in field wire.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

MAJ, AGC

CF:

CO, 34th Engr Gp

Co, 69th Engr Bn

AVHCC-DST (12 Nov 69) 3d Ind SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, 69th Engineer Battalion (Construction) for the Period Ending 31 October 1969, RCS CSFOR-65 (R2)

HEADQUARTERS, UNITED STATES ARMY, VIETNAM, APO San Francisco 96375 8 15 15 15

TO: Commander in Chief, United States Army, Pacific, ATTN: GPOP-DT, APO 96558

This headquarters has reviewed the Operational Report-Lessons Learned for the quarterly period ending 31 October 1969 from Headquarters, 69th Engineer Battalion (Construction) and concurs with the report as indorsed.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

Oman D. Selby, LTC B. A. GOODWIN MAJ. AGC

Assis ant Adjutant General

Cy furn: 69th Engr Bn 20th Engr Bde GPOP-DT (12 Nov 69) 4th Ind
SUBJECT: Operational Report of HQ, 69th Engineer Battalion (Construction) for Period Ending 31 October 1969, RCS CSFOR-65 (R2)

HQ, US Army, Pacific, APO San Francisco 96558 14 JAN 70

TO: Assistant Chief of Staff for Force Development, Department of the Army. Washington, D. C. 20310

This headquarters concurs in subject report as indorsed.

FOR THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF:

C. L. SHC.

EGFA-OP 12 November 1969 SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, 69th Engineer Battalion (Construction) for the Period Ending 31 October 1969, RCS CSFOR -65 (R2)

List of Organizational Units

- 1. Headquarters & Headquarters Company NTOE 5-11G
- 2. Company A (Equipment and Maintenance)- HTOI 5-117G
- 3. Company B (Construction)- NTOE 5-118G
- 4. Company C (Construction)- MTOE 5-118G
- 5. Company D (Construction)- MTOE 5-118G

Security Clasaification				
DOCUMENT CONTROL DATA - R & D				
(Security classification of title, body of abstract and indexing annotation must be entered when the oversit report is classified)				
i ORIGIAATING ACTIVITY (Corporate author)	20. REPORT SECURITY CLASSIFICATION			
HQ, OACSFOR, DA, Washington, D.C. 20310	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY			
3. REPORT TITLE				
Operational Report - Lessons Learned, HQ, 69th Engineer Battalion				
4. DESCRIPTIVE NOTES (Type of report and inclusive dates)				
Experiences of unit engaged in counterinsus. Author(s) (First name, middle Initial, last name)	rgency operations, 1 Aug 69 to 31 Oct 69.			
,,				
CO, 69th Engineer Battalion				
S. REPORT DATE	78. FOTAL NO. OF PAGES 75. NO. OF REFS			
12 November 1969	16			
M. CONTRACT OR GRANT NO.	SE. ORIGINATOR'S REPORT NUMBER(S)			
S. PROJECT NO.	40400			
N/A	694292			
c.	90. OTHER REPORT NOIS) (Any other numbers that may be seatened			
	this report)			
d.				
10. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT				
II SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES	12. SPONSORING MILITARY ACTIVITY			
N/A	OACSFOR, DA, Washington, D.C. 20310			
13. ABSTRACT	<u> </u>			
· ·				
14				
- '				

DD 1000 .. 1473

UNCLASSIFIED
Security Classification